

Custom Made Timber Doorsets

Maintenance, Damage Prevention and Troubleshooting

ASD MA

The Architectural and Specialist Door Manufacturers Association was founded in 1990 to represent the custom-made door industry. One of its objectives is the promotion of best practice in the manufacture and installation of the industry's products.

This guidance paper is intended to assist in maintaining a trouble free door installation for the lifetime of the building. Another guidance paper dealing with installation of custom-made doors is also available.

For comprehensive guidance on timber fire doors, see ASDMA's 'Best Practice Guide to Timber Fire Doors', which is available from the Association's secretariat at the address given on page 4.

The definition of 'door' adopted by ASDMA reflects the definition given in Approved Document B of the Building Regulations (England and Wales) regarding fire doors:

A complete installed door assembly comprising doorframe, door leaves, other panels, hardware, seals and any glazing... plus, for fire doors ...that when closed is intended to resist the passage of fire and smoke in accordance with specified performance criteria.

door = complete installed assembly

ASDMA strongly recommend that fire doors be supplied as complete pre-hung assemblies, factory glazed, prepared to receive or fitted with all recessed and morticed hardware and factory primed or coated.

1 Handover

The installation process will usually conclude with an inspection and handover procedure when the installation at the point of delivery from the responsible contractor is verified as compliant with any certification and is operating perfectly.

A maintenance period normally follows during which the responsible contractor will correct defects that are his responsibility. Beyond this, ongoing maintenance of the installation is the responsibility of the owner or user of the premises. A suggested checklist of routine maintenance actions is given in Appendix 1.

2 Specialist services

Because door installation and maintenance is a specialised trade, it may be considered advantageous to employ a specialist contractor to carry out a planned routine combining the inspection and corrective action procedure.

3 Priority actions

Priority should be given to:

- The continued correct operation of the doors.
- The preservation of operating gap sizes within the range describe in test or assessment certification relating to the installed fire door
- The preservation or replacement of elements of the door that may be subject to degradation through wear or damage e.g.:
 - Glass and hardware.
 - Intumescent, acoustic and smoke seals.
 - Intumescent coatings such as to glazing beads.
 - Applied finishes

3.1 Pre-emptive inspection programme

The objective must be to pre-empt malfunction and defects help by a planned programme of inspection.

Corrective action is likely to be required more frequently during the early life of an installation. The small movements that occur in the building fabric at this stage can affect gap sizes. The presence of smoke or acoustic seals can make door operation even more sensitive to small changes in gap size.

3.2 Reporting of malfunctions

It is also vital to the quality of the installation that building users report malfunctions immediately and that there is a system that provides for recording these and for prompt corrective action.

4 Damage prevention

Much damage to doors is caused by abusive use of the building. This may be unintentional and result from inadequate planning or briefing of personnel on the correct operation of the door system. Those who use equipment that is potentially damage-causing can be trained and encouraged to prevent this.

Personnel using the building can make an important contribution to maintaining the quality and the safety of the door installation if they are encouraged to use the installation in a caring manner.

4.1 Protective measures

Planning the operation and protection of doors will play an important part in the avoidance of damage to the door installation. The following measures will reduce the more predictable causes of damage:

Type of damage	Preventative measure
Damage caused by objects being wheeled or dragged through the doorway: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Damage to faces and the leading edge of door leaves. • Broken lippings, damaged smoke and intumescent seals. 	The use of a hold open device with doors on frequently trafficked corridors linked in with a fire detection system, if applicable. Delayed action closers set to allow for the passage of encumbered users and wheeled items.
Damage caused by impact by wheeled equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dislocation of doorframe fixings. • Damage to doorframes, door faces and edges 	Rails or guards that will deflect the equipment. Recesses in corridor walls within which held-open door leaves will be protected from edge damage. Fit buffers to equipment.

5 Troubleshooting door malfunction

Malfunctions arise from a variety of causes. It is important that these be corrected promptly to minimise damage and avoid any compromising of safety.

5.1 Binding

The most common malfunction is a loss of operating gaps that result in door leaves sticking or failing to close correctly. It may be that the leading edge binds on the doorframe or at meeting edges of double leaf doors. Often the bottom edge of a door leaf will bind on the floor.

The causes of and suggested remedies for this can be:

Defect	Possible cause	Remedial options
Swelling of door components due to moisture intake.	Moisture content in the building is too high.	Reduce humidity. Do not adjust doors unless necessary after m/c is stable at 12%.
Hinges have worked loose allowing door leaf to fall away from hanging jamb.	Stressing caused by racking or blocks put in hinge side rebate to hold doors open. Wrong size screw fixings. Not all screw positions have been used.	Remove obstructions. Tighten fixing screws. If necessary increase screw size. Replace if defective. Provide restraint to prevent racking.
Hinges have worn allowing door leaf to drop.	Hinges are not the correct BS EN 1935 class for the application.	Replace with correct class of hinge.
Doorframe jambs have spread at the bottom allowing the leading edge of the door leaf/leaves to drop.	Often door leaf weight causes compression of packing or stud due to the effect of lateral load at the bottom hinge position.	Check that the background is stable and that it will support the lateral load. Re-pack at fixing positions particularly at the bottom until the door leaves hang correctly. Re-fix doorframe.

Defect	Possible cause	Remedial options
Doorframe fixings are loose.	Racking exerting leverage on doorframe fixings.	Re-pack and correct the hang of the door leaf.
	Overdrilling or breakout of fixing positions.	Tighten fixing screws and if necessary replace failed plugs or make new fixing positions.
	Impact from wheeled loads.	Provide restraint to prevent racking. Provide protective rails/guards to deflect wheeled traffic away from the doorframe.
Door leaf binding on the floor.	Floor covering may be over planned thickness. Possible high spots in screed within the arc of the door leaf.	Re-fix the door having packed up under the doorframe jambs.
Binding and none of the previous reasons apply.	It is possible that the edge gap has been set too fine.	Adjust the gap by deepening or moving the hinge recess/es in the doorframe or door leaf.

NOTE: The edges of door leaves should not be planed or otherwise modified unless it is impossible to correct the fault by other means. If door leaves are adjusted, any intumescent and smoke seal that is damaged will have to be reinstated.

5.2 Oversize gaps

Operating gaps may become enlarged and may exceed the range permitted by specifications and the test or assessment certification.

The causes of and suggested remedies for this can be:

Defect	Possible cause	Remedial options
When no smoke or acoustic seal is present: • Gaps in excess of range permitted by certification.	Shrinkage of door components, packings and timber grounds, studs or subframes.	Pack out behind hinges. If necessary re-pack and re-fix doorframe. Re-lip (by manufacturer) and replace seals.
	Shrinkage or disturbance caused by impact.	Pack out behind hinges. If necessary re-pack and re-fix doorframe.
When smoke or acoustic seal is present: • Any visible gap.	Seals have worn or have become permanently compressed.	Replace seals with new or larger.

5.3 Failure to close

In addition to closing failure caused by loss of operating gaps, other defects can develop or become apparent:

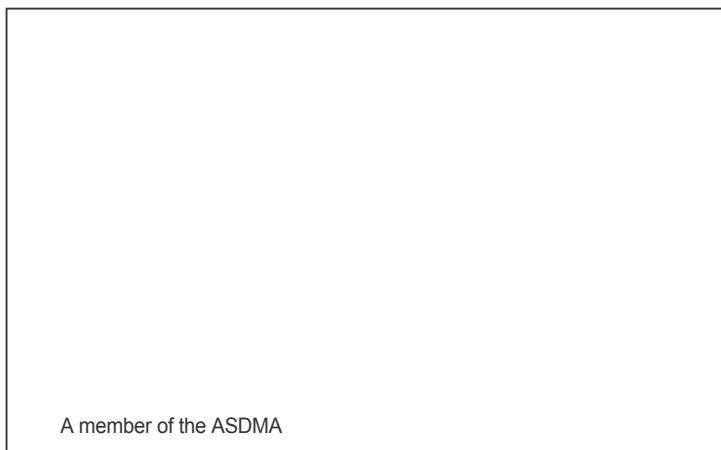
Defect	Possible cause	Remedial options
Hinge binding resulting in the door leaf tending to spring open.	Hinges have not been sufficiently recessed.	Modify fitting of hinges. Adjust position of doorstops.
	The door stop is too tight on the closing face of the door leaf at the hinged edge.	Reset hinge positions when doorframe has an integral doorstop.
Door leaves twisted, bowed or cupped.	Twist caused by holding device that is not level with the closing force. Hygrothermal differences on faces.	Remove the cause; the door leaf may return to a flat condition. If not, replacement may be necessary. Reduce the effect by moving hinge positions slightly.
Door leaves failing to latch.	Closer failing to overcome resistance of latch or seals.	Adjust closer speed. If necessary fit larger size closer. Change seals.
		Latch bolt and keep plate may have become misaligned.
Binding of smoke or acoustic seals when none of the previous problems apply.	Door bolts may not be engaged.	Ensure that users engage bolts at top and bottom of door leaf.
	Misalignment of door bolts and sockets.	Realign bolts with sockets by adjustment to the doorframe fixing.
When no smoke or acoustic seal is present: • Gaps in excess of range permitted by certification.	It is possible that the leading edge gap has been set too fine.	When applicable, modify retaining grooves to suit. The seals, if in good condition, can be refitted. Fit smaller seals.
		Seals may be broken or disrupted by wear or due to incorrect fitting.

Appendix I

Maintenance check list for doors

Premises

<p>Door</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Door No. Location Door Manufacturer Certification ref. Date installed Hardware manufacturer Hinges Closer Lock/latch Bolts 	<p>Hardware</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hinges <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly fixed Working correctly Needing lubrication Closers & selectors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly fixed Working correctly Double doors closing in correct order (where applicable) Needing lubrication Overrides any latch mechanism/smoke seals Locks/ latches <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly fixed Working correctly Needing lubrication Hold open devices <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fixed in correct position Releases correctly Bolts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aligned with socket Well fixed Working correctly Damage around bolts Signs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correct fire signage on both sides of door Additional hardware <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added since last inspection (e.g. letterplates, bolts)
<p>Door leaf</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is it warped Is it split/cracked Other damage evident Edges/lippings OK Meeting edge gap on double doorset Maintained closed Closer effective Modifications added since last inspection 	
<p>Doorframe</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Signs of damage Well fixed/sealed to surrounding structure Max. leaf/doorframe gap Max. leaf/threshold gap Max. leaf/doorstop gap 	
<p>Seals</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Are edge seals complete Any damaged seals Protection where necessary at hardware Are smoke seals fitted If yes, are they in good condition and effective 	
<p>Glazing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Glass damage Retaining system in good condition Retaining system correctly fixed Any change since last inspection (e.g. broken glass replaced) 	



A member of the ASDMA



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